FINAL REGULATIONS OF THE BOARD

PART IV.

LICENSURE: EXAMINATION REQUIREMENTS.

18 VAC 85-20-140. Examinations, general.

A. The Executive Director of the Board of Medicine or his designee shall review each

application for licensure and in no case shall an applicant be licensed unless there is

evidence that the applicant has passed an examination equivalent to the Virginia Board

of Medicine examination required at the time he was examined and meets all

requirements of Part III (18 VAC 85-20-120 et seq.) of this chapter. If the executive

director or his designee is not fully satisfied that the applicant meets all applicable

requirements of Part III of this chapter and this part, he shall refer the application to the

Credentials Committee for a determination on licensure.

B. A Doctor of Medicine or Osteopathy who has passed the examination of the National

Board of Medical Examiners or of the National Board of Osteopathic Medical

Examiners, FLEX, or United States Medical Licensing Examination, or the examination

of the Licensing Medical Council of Canada or other such examinations as prescribed in

§ 54.1-2913.1 of the Code of Virginia may be accepted for licensure.

- C. A Doctor of Podiatry who has passed the National Board of Podiatry Examiners examination and has passed a clinical competence examination equivalent to the Virginia Board of Medicine examination may be accepted for licensure.
- D. A Doctor of Chiropractic who has met the requirements of one of the following may be accepted for licensure.
 - 1. An applicant who graduated after January 31, 1996 shall document successful completion of Parts I, II, III, and IV of the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners examination (NBCE).
 - 2. An applicant who graduated from January 31, 1991 to January 31, 1996 shall document successful completion of Parts I, II, and III of the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners examination (NBCE).
 - 3. An applicant who graduated from July 1, 1965 to January 31, 1991, shall document successful completion of Parts I, II, and III of the NBCE, or Parts I and II of the NBCE and the Special Purpose Examination for Chiropractic (SPEC), and document evidence of licensure in another state for at least two years immediately preceding his application.

- 4. An applicant who graduated prior to July 1, 1965 shall document successful completion of the SPEC, and document evidence of licensure in another state for at least two years immediately preceding his application.
- E. The following provisions shall apply for applicants taking Step 3 of the United States

 Medical Licensing Examination or the Podiatric Medical Licensing Examination:
 - Applicants for licensure in medicine and osteopathy may be eligible to sit for Step 3
 of the United States Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE) upon evidence of
 having passed Steps 1 and 2 of the United States Medical Licensing Examination
 (USMLE).
 - Applicants who sat for the United States Medical Licensing Examination
 (USMLE) shall provide evidence of passing Steps 1, 2, and 3 within a seven year period except for good cause shown.
 - 3 Applicants may take a combination of the United States Medical Licensing

 Examination (USMLE) and the Federation Licensing Examination (FLEX) which is

 acceptable to the board.
 - 4 <u>3</u>. Applicants shall have completed the required training or be engaged in their final year of required postgraduate training.

5 <u>4</u>. Applicants for licensure in podiatry shall provide evidence of having passed the National Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners Examination to be eligible to sit for the Podiatric Medical Licensing Examination (PMLEXIS) in Virginia.

Certification

I certify that this regulation is full, true, and correctly dated.

William L. Harp, M.D. Executive Director Virginia Board of Medicine

Date: